Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data		
School name	Kimberley Primary & Nursery School		
Number of pupils in school	210		
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	31%		
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2022-23 Action Plan covers 2021-24		
Date this statement was published	November 2022		
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2023		
Statement authorised by	Tracey Harlin		
Pupil premium lead	Tracey Harlin / Rebecca Clarke		
Governor lead	Leanne Sharp		

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£67,865
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£7250
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
School Led Tuition funding + school contribution	£8100 + £5400 = £13, 500
LAC funding	£3000
Total budget for this academic year	£91,615
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

The targeted and strategic use of pupil premium supports us in achieving our vision of helping everyone to achieve their full potential. We ensure that appropriate provision is made for pupils who belong to disadvantaged or vulnerable groups, this includes ensuring that the needs of socially disadvantaged pupils are adequately assessed and addressed. In making this provision we recognise that not all pupils who receive free school meals will be socially disadvantaged. We also recognise that not all pupils who are socially disadvantaged are registered or qualify for free school meals.

To ensure that the Leadership, including Governors, make effective plans and decisions to promote good progress for vulnerable pupils using Pupil Premium funding.

To ensure that vulnerable pupils are supported with their learning and make rapid progress.

Pupil Premium is effectively used to support the enrichment opportunities for vulnerable pupils including behaviour, personal development & financial barriers.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Parental engagement in pupil's schoolwork and activities is lower than that of non pp children
2	Attainment of PP and vulnerable children remains below that of non-PP children and these gaps have widened during the COVID-19 pandemic
3	Self-esteem is a barrier for many PP and vulnerable children and impacts on their attainment
4	Aspirations are lower and experience of wider worlds and cultural events is limited for many of our PP and vulnerable children
5	Attendance and behaviour impact on some PP and vulnerable children's attainment

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Engage parents to work alongside school and each other to raise aspirations and experiences of pupils	Parents attend parents' evenings, engage with homework and read with their children regularly. Children are proud to share their work and achievements with their parents
Raise attainment at KS1 and KS2 so all PP children with no SEN reach at least EXS	Achieve national average progress scores in reading, writing and maths at KS1 & KS2 Achieve national average expected standard in PSC a Y1 & Y2 resit 90% of PP children with no SEN reach EXS at the end of KS2 by 2025
Raise self-esteem and aspirations of pupils through setting challenging and interesting work and engaging in wider experiences and activities	Pupils demonstrate raised self-esteem and a sense of value within the school
Support all children's access to the wider world and cultural activities/experiences	Children can articulate their aspirations and talk about visits and experiences which have inspired and educated them
Improve attendance and behaviour of PP and vulnerable children	Reduce gap between NPP and PP attendance by 2% Support and interventions are prompt and timely and children at risk of poor behaviour are supported appropriately through systems in school. Data shows behaviour is good

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £13,742.25

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Release all teachers for planning high quality curriculum 0.5 days per half term	EEF – School Improvement The best available evidence indicates that great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment. Ensuring every teacher is supported in delivering high-quality teaching is essential to achieving the best outcomes for all pupils, particularly the most disadvantaged among them. It is important that schools consider how children learn, how they develop knowledge and skills, and how they can be supported to lay firm foundations for later learning. Teaching approaches that ensure long-term retention of knowledge, fluency in key skills, and confident use of metacognitive strategies are crucial. These are fundamental to learning and are the bread and butter of effective teaching. We believe that giving teachers the time to plan in teams maximises their ability to plan and deliver high-quality teaching which is the most effective way to improve outcomes for all pupils.	2, 4
Ensure all staff have received high quality phonics (Monster Phonics) and reading (T4R) training/support	Investing in professional development for teaching assistants to deliver structured interventions can be a cost-effective approach to improving learner outcomes due to the large difference in efficacy between different deployments of teaching assistants. EEF (+6) Reading comprehension The average impact of reading comprehension strategies is an additional six months' progress over the course of a year. Successful reading comprehension approaches allow activities to be carefully tailored to pupils' reading capabilities, and involve activities and texts that provide an effective, but not overwhelming, challenge. Evidence suggests that reading comprehension approaches need to be tailored to pupils' current reading capabilities, so it is important that teachers receive professional development in effective diagnosis as well as training in the use of particular tech-	2
Ensure all staff receive high quality T4W training	niques and materials. EEF (+6) Our disadvantaged pupils are more likely to be behind in developing their language and speech skills. Evidence also suggests that oral language interventions that explicitly aim to develop spoken vocabulary work best when they are related to current content being studied in school and when they involve active and meaningful use of any new vocabulary. - The average impact of Oral language interventions is approximately an additional six months' progress over the course of a year. Some studies also often report improved classroom climate and fewer behavioural issues following work on oral language. - Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two all show positive impacts on attainment.	1, 2, 3

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £41,226.75

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Establish small group maths/reading/writing/phonics sessions for PP children, and those identified at risk of not making at least expected progress and target specific areas for improvement.	EEF (+3) As the size of a teaching group gets smaller it is suggested that the range of approaches a teacher can employ and the amount of attention each student will receive will increase, improving outcomes for pupils. We have analysed the needs of our PP cohort and have identified that reducing group sizes in year 2, 6 and 1 will allow teachers and teaching assistants to increase the amount of support and attention each child will receive.	1, 2, 3
School Led Tutoring with qualified teacher Spring/Summer 2023 (£8100 NTP funded, £5400 school contribution) AU22 Small group interventions in years 1 and 2 through dedicated teaching time with Phase Lead. Through Y1-Y6 additional teaching assistant support in class, and after school where appropriate.	EEF (+4) Small group tuition is defined as one teacher working with 2-5 pupils together in a group. This arrangement enables the teacher to focus exclusively on a small number of learners, usually in a separate classroom or working area. Intensive tuition in small groups is often provided to support lower attaining learners or those who are falling behind, but it can also be used as a more general strategy to ensure effective progress or to teacher challenging topics or skills. Having analysed our cohorts we have identified that reading and writing gaps could be effectively addressed through intensive tuition. We have also identified that SEN gaps in maths and reading could also narrowed with 1:2 tuition. Teaching assistant support in year 1 and year 2 to be focused on small group interventions for children at risk of falling behind or to support catch-up through gap filling.	1, 2, 3, 5
Run parent workshops to support phonics/reading/maths and distribute free copies of help books including CGP workbooks and guides Continue subscription to Marvellous Me to support conversations about learning at home and school/home communication Use Parents Evening app to facilitate meetings with all PP parents (including split parents) once per half-term to set targets for children (staff have 15 mins release time for each PP child to run these meetings)	 EEF (+3) We define parental engagement as the involvement of parents in supporting their children's academic learning. It includes: approaches and programmes which aim to develop parental skills such as literacy, numeracy, IT; general approaches which encourage parents to support their children with, for example, reading or homework; the involvement of parents in their children's learning activities; 	1, 2, 4, 5

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £36,646

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Attendance Officer appointed for 1 hour per day to analyse attendance and contact low attenders.	EEF (+3) We define parental engagement as the involvement of parents in supporting their children's academic learning. This includes:	1, 5
Provide breakfast club to identified children who are persistent absentees	 supporting regular attendance encouraging positive relationships and communication between home and school intensive programmes for families in crisis 	
Improve access to cultural activities, the wider world and after-school activities to raise aspirations and self-esteem Arts Award in year 3 (whole school achieved Gold ArtsMark Award Sept 2022) Work towards Blue Peter Badges in KS2	EEF (+4) Arts participation is defined as involvement in artistic and creative activities, such as dance, drama, music, painting, or sculpture. It can occur either as part of the curriculum or as extra-curricular activity. Arts-based approaches may be used in other areas of the curriculum, such as the use of drama to develop engagement and oral language before a writing task. Arts based approaches have shown wider benefits – in particular more positive attitudes to learning and increased well-being. There is intrinsic value in teaching pupils creative and performance skills and ensuring disadvantaged pupils access a rich and stimulating arts education. Arts participation may be delivered within the core curriculum, or though extra-curricular or cultural trips which can be subject to financial barriers for pupils from deprived backgrounds. The effects of this approach are higher in writing which is an area that our PB children are significant.	1, 3, 4
Run ELSA and Drawing and Talking sessions for identified pupils	which is an area that our PP children are significantly underachieving EEF (+4) Social and Emotional Learning – interventions which target social and emotional learning seek to improve pupil's interaction with others and self management of emotions, rather than focusing directly on the academic or cognitive elements of learning. SEL interventions may focus on the ways in which students work with (and alongside) their peers, teachers, family and community. These include: specialised programmes which are targeted at students with particular social or emotional needs.	3, 5

Total budgeted cost: £91,615

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

Due to the ongoing impact of COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2021 to 2022, and 2021 to 2022 results will not be used to hold schools to account.

Aim	Outcom	ie			
Raise attainment in R, W, M	Outcomes have stayed broadly in line for PP children with no SEN although disruption due to				
, ,	COVID has had an impact on these children for the last two years.				
	PP (5 – No S	SEN)	PP (9 pupils I	NO SEN) 2021	PP (10 – 5 No SEN) 2022
	R = 60%		R = 66%		R = 70%
	W = 80%		W = 78%		W = 60%
	M = 40%		M = 89%		M = 80%
Improve attendance of PP			•		down 1% on last year)
children					022 (up 2% on last year)
ciliaren			pact attendand		
	2018-19.	2019-20.	2020-21	2021-22	
	92.9%.	90.7%.	92.4%	90%	Pupil Premium
	96.6%.	96.6%.	95.6%	93.7%	Non-Pupil Premium
	When comp	oaring PP atten	dance on FFT,	we remain con	sistently higher.
To ensure that all children receive	During 202	1-22, all childre	en have had:		
equal access to an enriched curriculum	Pantomime	visit to the the	eatre		
irrespective of parental financial	Access to L	/FTA – diversity	У		
circumstances including trips which	Author visit	for World Boo	k Day		
	•	Participated in			
support the school's curriculum drivers		ntibullying Odo	d Socks Day		
of Creativity, Possibilities and Diversity.		omic Relief			
			ity Performanc	e	
Linked with Artsmark and Rights	_	arol Concert			
Respecting Schools Awards.	Specialised tuition in				
	· Wheelchair Basketball				
		ance			
	· Urban Hockey				
Circus Skills Day Reverend Barbara's Assemblies			ablios		
	Reverend Barbara's Assemblies				
	During 2021-22, some children have had: Y4 residential visit to Hathersage				
	Y6 residential visit to Walesby				
	Y5/6 Theatre visit to see War Horse				
	KS1 visit to the Synagogue Y1,2,3 visit to St Patrick's Church Art Gallery presentation of their own work				
	Dance Performances in school Music lessons (piano, guitar)				
	Ukulele lessons Y4 for one year				

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England.

Programme	Provider
No Nonsense Spelling	Babcock LDP
Penpals Handwriting	Cambridge
Monster Phonics	Monster Phonics