Year 2 – What makes some people inspiring to others?

	Intentions: What do we want	Implementation: What kind of activities will enable	Impact: What outcomes will	
	pupils to learn?	learners to achieve?	pupils achieve?	
Year 2	Knowledge:	Pupils:	Most pupils will be able to:	
Unit Number 2.1	Pupils will learn some stories of Moses (the baby in the	 retell stories of key leaders from Christianity and Judaism, for example Moses, Jesus and Peter. They 	 Recall and name key figures in the stories they studied, 	
	bulrushes, the prince who ran	talk about how these leaders made a difference and	saying what they did	
Theme: Leaders	away, the burning bush, the	how leaders today make a difference to our lives.	Recognise what is meant by	
Enquiry Question	ten plagues, the parting of the	(A2)	describing Moses as a great	
Ziiquii y question	red sea, the Ten	think about the behaviour shown by these leaders	leader, or Peter as a Saint,	
What makes some	Commandments). They will	e.g. being kind, valuing and respecting others, being	giving examples of their	
people inspiring to	find out about Moses as a	trustworthy, courageous, and consider questions	leadership.	
others? Moses and	great leader for Jewish	about being good, kind, and forgiving (C1);	Ask questions about	
Saint Peter	people.	 encounter many examples of simple 'wise sayings' 	leadership and suggest	
	They will learn some stories	(e.g. from Moses, Jesus or Saint Peter or an	answers	
Religions:	about Jesus and Saint Peter	appropriate non-religious example) or 'rules for	Respond to the idea that	
Christians and Jewish	(e.g. Jesus calls Peter to follow	living' harmoniously (e.g. The 10 Commandments).	Moses and Saint Peter were	
people	him, Peter recognises Jesus as	They choose their favourite 'wise sayings' or 'rules	guided by God or given	
Non-religious	the Messiah, Jesus washes	for living' from different key leaders and talk about	wisdom by God.	
worldviews such as	Peter's feet, Peter denies	what makes these sayings wise, and what difference	Express an idea of their	
Humanism can also	Jesus, Peter becomes the first	it would make if people followed them (A2);	own about leadership,	
be considered.	leader of the Christians). They	ask and find out how to answer a range of 'how' and	linking it to the stories they	
	will find out about Saint Peter	'why' questions about how people practise their	learned	
	as a Christian leader	religion, including how they follow their leaders by	Give an example of what	
Key concepts and	They will consider what makes	remembering, telling stories, celebrating, praying or	makes a great leader	
words	a leader: their behaviour,	making music. Pupils might use exciting photographs	makes a great reader	
Religion, Christian,	examples of their wisdom and	or works of art to stimulate their questions (C2).		
Jewish, Torah, Bible,	rules for living harmoniously;	discuss stories of co-operation from Judaism,		
wise sayings, rules for	the difference they have	Christianity and from different traditions and sources		
living, co-operation.	made.	and make a 'Recipe for living together happily' or a		
	A non -religious leader makes	'Class charter for more kindness and less fighting'		
	a good point of comparison.	(C2).		
	Skills:	remember, ask questions about and write about		
	Thinking and discussion skills,	their own favourite parts of the stories they have		
	information gathering skills.	learned, connecting them to ideas about what makes		
		a good leader.		

Year 2 – What do Jewish people believe about God, creation, humanity and the natural world?

	Intentions: What do we	Implementation: What kind of activities will enable learners	Impact: What outcomes will
	want pupils to learn?	to achieve?	pupils achieve?
Year 2	Knowledge:	Pupils:	Most pupils will be able to:
Unit Number 2.2	Pupils will learn some	 learn these words, which Jewish people use to speak 	 Recall and name some key
Theme Believing:	Jewish peoples' ideas	of God: Almighty / Eternal / the G-d of Abraham, Isaac	words about Jewish beliefs
	about God and the story	and Jacob. [NB: Jewish people often write 'G-d' to	(e.g. God the Creator,
Enquiry Question	of creation. They will find	avoid any disrespect to the Almighty.] Note that	Almighty, Eternal)
What do Jewish	out about the importance	Jewish people say G-d is invisible, and they make no	Retell the story of Genesis 1
people believe about	of Shabbat, a way of	pictures of G-d (A1)	Suggest a meaning for the
God, creation,	belonging, including the	 retell the Jewish story of God's creation of the Earth 	story
humanity, and the	link between creation and	from Genesis 1, considering ways in which people	Recognise that different
natural world?	Shabbat. They will learn	care for the earth and making links with the	people see different
	about some ways a Rabbi	Environment and Science (C3).	meanings in the story
What are some ways	teaches the community	 explore how different people, including Jewish 	Ask questions about God
Jewish people show	about God.	people, have expressed their ideas about God and	for themselves – the bigger
their beliefs and how		think and talk about their own ideas about God,	the better
they belong?	Skills:	linking to enquiry methods from Philosophy for	Express an idea of their
	Pupils will use and develop	Children (C3).	own about God
Religions:	skills of discussion,	 explore the ways of belonging and beliefs of Jewish 	 Find out more about Jewish
Jewish people	observation, information	people, for example through the Jewish celebration	beliefs and ways of talking
	gathering and	of Shabbat, noticing links to the creation story	about God.
	remembering. They will	through the 7 th day of rest (A1).	
	use their factual	 work individually using images and / or symbols to 	
	knowledge to suggest	express their views about God or in groups, using art,	
	meanings in Jewish	music and poetry to express creatively different	
	practice.	viewpoints (C1).	
		 linking to English, pupils use key words (e.g. holy, 	
	Key concepts and words	sacred, scripture, festival, symbol,) to present ideas	
	Religion, Jewish, Judaism,	or write about the Jewish religion (B3);	
	synagogue, symbol, ark,	ask questions about the different ways of speaking	
	Torah, bimah, shabbat,	of G-d, recognizing that the idea of God is open to	
	creation story, worship,	different views, and is a mysterious idea – but of	
	holiness, sacred.	huge importance to many people, including Jewish	
		people.	

Year 2 – What does it mean to belong?

	Intentions: What do we	Implementation: What kind of activities will enable learners	Impact: What outcomes will
	want pupils to learn?	to achieve?	pupils achieve?
Year 2	Knowledge:	Pupils:	Most pupils will be able to:
Unit Number 2.3 Theme: Belonging Enquiry Question What does it mean to belong? What is it like to belong to the Christian religion in Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire today? Religions: Christians	Pupils will learn about belonging in a family, to a school and in the community. They will gain knowledge about ways of belonging in Christianity e.g. Christenings and Believers' Baptisms. Jesus' Baptism. The Golden Rule ('do to others what you would like them to do to you') and belonging to humanity. Skills: Pupils will use and develop skills of discussion, observation, information gathering and remembering. They will use their factual knowledge to suggest what it means to belong in varies ways. Key concepts and words Religion, Christian, church, symbol, Bible, Golden Rule ('do to others as you would like them to do to you'), belonging, worship, holiness, sacred.	 learn that being a part of the Christian religion includes some symbols and rituals of belonging, for a baby (Christening) or for a young adult (e.g. Believer's Baptism). (A2) learn that the story of Jesus getting baptised in the river Jordan is an important story of Christians and carries some messages about belonging. (A2) linking to PSHE and RSE pupils make lists of the different groups to which they belong, e.g. in school, in the community, and consider the ways these contribute to human happiness. Why does belonging matter, and how can we be good members of different groups? (B1) learn that there are over 400 churches in Nottinghamshire, and visit one to learn more; ask and think about the question: who belongs here? Does the building belong to God? (B2) express creatively (e.g. in art, poetry or drama) their own ideas about the questions: Who am I? Where do I belong? (B2) explore ways in which Christians belong, for example, Christenings and Believers' Baptisms, showing why these are important to some Christians and relating them to Jesus' Baptism described in the Gospels (A1) linking to English and PSHE pupils could play some collaborative team games and talk about how the games put the teaching of the 'Golden Rule' into action (C2). talk about the fact that many non-religious people also follow the Golden Rule ('treat others how you wish to be treated'), and consider the question: how can all humanity belong together? write a list of examples of different ways we have of belonging, and say which ones matter most to themselves (C1). 	 Retell the story of Jesus being baptised in the river Jordan Suggest some reasons why it matters to people to belong to groups and communities Ask questions about Christenings and Believer's Baptism for themsleves Recount how a baby or young adult is welcomed into the Christian community Express an idea of their own about belonging to God – is this important? For Christians? Give an example of their own community life and say why it matters: what groups do you belong to? What do you like about belonging?

Year 2 – Jewish and Christian Stories

	Implementation: What kind of activities will enable learners	Impact: What outcomes will
want pupils to learn?	to achieve?	pupils achieve?
Knowledge:	Pupils:	Most pupils will be able to:
Knowledge: Pupils will learn Jewish and Christian stories about, for example, Noah, Abraham and Sarah, Jacob, Joseph, King David, Queen Esther, Jonah, Daniel. They will gain knowledge about the Jewish Bible and the importance of the Torah. Skills: Pupils will use and develop skills of discussion, observation, information gathering and remembering. They will use their factual knowledge to suggest what makes ancient stories valuable to some people today. Key concepts and words	to achieve?	pupils achieve?
Religion, Christian, Jewish, Humanist, synagogue, church, symbol, Torah, Bible, courage, persistence, forgiving,		
	Knowledge: Pupils will learn Jewish and Christian stories about, for example, Noah, Abraham and Sarah, Jacob, Joseph, King David, Queen Esther, Jonah, Daniel. They will gain knowledge about the Jewish Bible and the importance of the Torah. Skills: Pupils will use and develop skills of discussion, observation, information gathering and remembering. They will use their factual knowledge to suggest what makes ancient stories valuable to some people today. Key concepts and words Religion, Christian, Jewish, Humanist, synagogue, church, symbol, Torah, Bible, courage,	Rnowledge: Pupils will learn Jewish and Christian stories about, for example, Noah, Abraham and Sarah, Jacob, Joseph, King David, Queen Esther, Jonah, Daniel. They will gain knowledge about the Jewish Bible and the importance of the Torah. Skills: Pupils will use and develop skills of discussion, observation, information gathering and remembering. They will use their factual knowledge to suggest what makes ancient stories valuable to some people today. Key concepts and words Religion, Christian, Jewish, Humanist, synagogue, church, symbol, Torah, Bible, courage, persistence, forgiving,